Family Law Information Centre Court Procedure Booklet #28

Applying for a Consent Order that Does Not Include Child Support

The Family Law Information Centre and Queen's Bench Chambers Office cannot give you legal advice or financial guidance, and cannot predict the outcome of court decisions.

This booklet provides general information only. You should speak to a lawyer for legal advice about your own situation.

The Court Procedure Booklets listed on the inside cover of this booklet are available electronically at *www.albertacourts.ab.ca*.

The Court Procedure Booklets are available for sale from Queen's Printer Bookstore by phoning (780) 427-4952 in Edmonton, or (403) 297-6251 in Calgary, or by phoning 310-0000 toll-free from anywhere in Alberta and asking for either of these phone numbers, or by accessing the Queen's Printer website at **www.gov.ab.ca/qp**.



Family Law Information Centres

The Family Law Information Centres can provide information about:

- the Federal Child Support Guidelines,
- how to calculate child support,
- how to apply for or change a Child Support Order,
- how to oppose an application that involves child support, and
- the procedures that must be followed in other family law matters, such as spousal support and child custody.

Family Law Information Centres can be found at the following locations:

Family Law Information Centre, Edmonton

Law Courts Building
1A Sir Winston Churchill Square
Edmonton, Alberta, T5J 0R2
Tel: 780-415-0404

Fax: 780-415-0403

Family Law Information Centre, Calgary

Court House Annex 603 - 6th Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta, T2P 0T3 Tel: 403-297-6600 Fax: 403-297-6605

Family Law Information Centre Court Procedure Booklets

Applications Dealing With Child Support Or Arrears

If your application deals with child support or arrears, you should read the booklet "Information for Unrepresented Parties about Child Support Matters" before reading the appropriate procedure booklets below.

Child Support — when both parties live in Alberta

Obtaining Income Information from the Other Party for Child Support Applications

Applying for an Order for Child Support

Changing an Existing Order for Child Support

Decreasing Child Support, Reducing or Cancelling Arrears, and Stay of Enforcement

Reducing or Cancelling Arrears and Stay of Enforcement (where there is no change to ongoing support)

Applying for an Order for Child Support Under the Parentage and Maintenance Act

Applying for a Consent Order that Includes Child Support

Opposing an Application that Involves Child Support

Child Support — when the respondent lives outside Alberta

Provisional Application to Change an Order for Child Support - Divorce Act

Spousal Support

Applying for an Order for Spousal Support

Changing an Existing Order for Spousal Support

Custody and Access

Applying for an Order for Custody and/or Access

Changing an Existing Order for Custody and/or Access

Combination Applications

Applying for an Order for Child Support and Custody and/or Access

Changing an Existing Order for Child Support and Custody and/or Access

Applying for an Order for Child Support and Spousal Support

Changing an Existing Order for Child Support and Spousal Support

Applying for an Order for Child Support, Spousal Support and Custody and/or Access

Changing an Existing Order for Child Support, Spousal Support and Custody and/or Access

Restraining or Protection Orders

Applying for a Restraining Order Without Notice

Applying for a Protection Order on Notice

Review of an Emergency Protection Order

General

Opposing an Application that Does Not Involve Child Support

Applying for a Consent Order that Does Not Include Child Support

Transferring Your Court File

General Family Law Application

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Applying for a Consent Order that Does Not Include Child Support

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About this Booklet

This booklet outlines what you must do when applying for an Order when the other party has agreed to sign their consent. This is a very formal process that is designed to ensure fairness. It is important that you follow each step carefully and thoroughly. The legal terms that you will need to know are explained in Appendix 1.

If the Order includes child support, do not use this booklet. Refer to the Court Procedure Booklet, Applying for a Consent Order that Includes Child Support.

If you are applying to reduce arrears of support and the person who was receiving support was on Social Assistance at any time while the child or spousal support was payable, you cannot use this booklet. Instead refer to the Court Procedure Booklet, Reducing or Cancelling Arrears and Stay of Enforcement (where there is no change to ongoing support).

If the parents cannot agree on the terms of the Order, do not use this booklet. In this case, an application must be made to the court on notice to the other parent. For more information, see the list of Court Procedure Booklets on the inside front cover of this booklet.

If you already have a court date and have now reached an agreement, you may still use this booklet. See the special instructions starting on page 7.

You should speak to a lawyer to determine if you have sufficient reasons to make the application, what evidence should be presented to the court, and possible outcomes for your application.

If you decide to go ahead without a lawyer, you may need to consult other sources of information as you prepare your application. You can find the following documents at your local court house library, other libraries or at the listed websites:

- Alberta Rules of Court www.gov.ab.ca/qp/rules.html
- Family Law Practice Notes (attached to the Alberta Rules of Court) www.albertacourts.ab.ca/webpage/qb/qb_family_law_ practice_notes.htm

- Divorce Act founder.library.ualberta.ca/ftp/en/laws/title/d/index. html
- Domestic Relations Act and Maintenance Enforcement
 Act www.gov.ab.ca/qp/acts.html

Before You Begin

There must be a Court Action Started

Before you can make an application, there must be an existing Alberta court action between you and the other party.

If you want to change an existing Order, you will need a copy of that Order or Divorce Judgment. If you don't have a copy, you can get a copy of your Order from the court house where it is filed. There will be a fee for this service.

The Order or Judgment will give you the court action number and tell you exactly what was originally ordered. You can also use it to show which paragraph(s) of the Order or Judgment you want to change.

If there is no order or judgment yet in place, you can find your court action number on the backer of any of the court documents. If you do not have any of your court documents, you can find out the court action number from the Clerk's office in the court house where the action was filed. There will be a fee for this service.

Your application must be made, and all documents filed, in the judicial district where your initial action (for example, divorce) was filed. A list of all Chambers or Clerk's Offices located across the province (the Judicial districts) is on the inside back cover of this booklet.

If you want to transfer your court file to another judicial district, see the Court Procedure Booklet, *Transferring Your Court File*.

Parenting After Separation Seminar

If you haven't already, you may have to attend the Parenting After Separation Seminar before you make your application. For more information about this, see the *Notice Of Mandatory Seminar* sheet, which is available from the Family Law Information Centre (please see the inside front cover of this booklet for locations) or Chambers Office (Clerk's Office).

Step 1 Prepare the Order

1-1 Prepare the Order

There is a sample Consent Variation Order beginning on page 21. This order is to be used when you want to change an existing order.

If there is no existing Order, you will need a different form of Consent Order. You may obtain a sample Consent Order from where you received this booklet, or on the Internet at www.albertacourts.ca

Add or remove paragraphs, or change the wording of the sample order as necessary to reflect the agreement that you have reached with the other party.

Some sample terms are on pages 31 and 33. You may need to change or adapt these sample terms to suit your own situation.

Note: If your Consent Order includes child or spousal support or deals with arrears of child or spousal support, you must include the Maintenance Enforcement clause found on page 43. The clerk cannot file the Consent Order without this clause.

Each of the terms of the Order should be written in separate paragraphs, and numbered consecutively (1,2,3...).

The judge may not be prepared to sign an order with paragraphs crossed off, or if significant changes have been made to the document. In this case, you will have to re-type the Order.

1-2 Have the respondent sign the Order

The respondent must sign the Order, print their name underneath their signature, and initial any changes once it is prepared. This signature shows that the respondent agrees with all of the terms that are in the Order. The respondent's signature appears below the line "Consented to:." Please note that if the respondent is represented by a lawyer, the lawyer will sign the Order rather than the respondent. The lawyer's signature does not have to be witnessed.

The respondent's signature must be witnessed by someone other than the applicant. Have the witness complete and sign an Affidavit of Execution in front of a commissioner for oaths. Please note that the chambers clerk will not act as a witness.

The Affidavit of Execution is attached to the Order just in front of the backer.

Note: You cannot make any changes to the Order after the respondent has signed it. If changes are needed, you must prepare a new order and have it signed and witnessed as set out above.

1-3 Prepare the Ex Parte / Consent Form

Fill in the Ex Parte/Consent form. See sample on page 35.

Step 2 Have the Order Signed by the Judge

2-1 Make copies of your documents and bring them to the Clerk

You will need to make the following number of copies of each document:

- Three copies of your Order (total of four with the original). If your Order includes spousal support or deals with arrears of child or spousal support, make four copies of your Order (total of five with the original)
- Your original Ex Parte / Consent form

Bring the originals and the copies of these documents to the Chambers Office for filing. The address for the Chambers Office in each judicial district is on the inside back cover of this booklet. In smaller centres, the Chambers Office may not be a separate section, but would be part of the Queen's Bench Clerk's Office.

The Chambers Clerk will present the documents to the judge at a later time. If the Order is signed, three copies will be returned to you.

If you want to have the Order mailed back to you, include a stamped, self-addressed 9" x 12" envelope. Include enough postage so that the Chambers Clerk can return three copies of the Order to you. Check with the post office to make sure that you have the correct postage by having the envelope weighed.

The Chambers Clerk or the judge may tell you that you have to file an Affidavit along with your Consent Order. Sample Affidavits are available where you received this booklet or on the Internet at www.albertacourts.ca.

Step 3 Serve the Order

3-1 Serve the Order on the Respondent

The Alberta Rules of Court contains specific rules to guarantee that the respondent has been notified of a court action, application or any resulting court order. These rules refer to the "serving" of documents on the respondent. You may want to refer to Rules 13 to 26 of the Alberta Rules of Court for the procedure for service of court documents.

The respondent must receive one filed copy of the Consent Order.

Note: Do not serve the certified copy of the Order (that has the raised seal). You will need the certified copy when you prepare your Affidavit of Service. See step 4.

You can serve the documents either by having them delivered in person or sending them by registered mail.

If you have the Order delivered in person, the respondent is properly served only if the Order is handed directly to the respondent. You should get another person to deliver the Order. This avoids possible conflict. It also avoids a possible disagreement between you and the respondent about whether the Order was actually served.

If you use registered mail, the Order is not properly served until the respondent has signed for the documents. Make sure to keep the customer receipt. It will have the item identifier number of your registered mail. To prove you served the Order, you will need both the Delivery Confirmation Record and the Acknowledgement of Receipt (or signature copy) from Canada Post. You will need the item identifier number of your registered mail to get the Delivery Confirmation Record or the Signature Copy.

The Delivery Confirmation Record is available at Canada Post's Internet website for a period of 45 days at www.canadapost.ca, or by calling Canada Post Customer Service at 1-888-550-6333 for a period of 24 months. You must also specifically request the Signature Copy from Canada Post by calling 1-888-550-6333. There is a fee for this service.

3-2 Delivering the Order to the Director of Maintenance Enforcement

If the Consent Order includes spousal support or deals with arrears of child or spousal support, the Chambers Clerk will send a copy of the Order to the Director of Maintenance Enforcement. However, you may want to immediately provide a filed copy of the Order to MEP yourself so that they can act on it. The address for MEP is:

The Director of Maintenance Enforcement Program 7th Floor, J.E. Brownlee Building, 10365 - 97 Street Edmonton, Alberta T5J 3Z7 phone: (780) 422-5554 or toll free in Alberta at 310-0000 and ask for (780) 422-5554

fax: (780) 422-1215

Step 4
Prepare and
File an
Affidavit of
Service

4-1 Prepare the Affidavit of Service

There is a sample Affidavit of Service beginning on page 39. The Affidavit of Service is used to explain how and when the respondent received a copy of the Order. The person who served the respondent must provide the information about service. The certified copy of the Order must be attached to the Affidavit of Service as an exhibit.

The person who served the documents must swear or affirm before a commissioner for oaths that the contents of the Affidavit of Service are true.

A Chambers Clerk may act as a commissioner for oaths. The person who signs the Affidavit may be asked to show personal identification.

4-2 Copy the Affidavit of Service

Make one copy of the complete Affidavit of Service. The complete Affidavit consists of the Affidavit of Service with the certified copy of the Order attached as an exhibit.

4-3 File the Affidavit of Service

File the original and the copy of the Affidavit of Service with the Chambers Office. They will return one filed copy to you.

Special Instructions if you already have a court date

If you have started an application on notice to the other party (using one of the other court procedure booklets), you will have been given a court date. If you have now reached an agreement with the respondent as to the terms of the Order, you have two choices:

- A. you may attend court on your scheduled court date, or
- B. you may cancel the court date, and submit the Order as a "desk" application.

A. If you choose to attend court on your scheduled court date

Prepare the Consent Order and have it signed by the respondent, the witness and the Commissioner for Oaths. Follow steps 1-1 and 1-2 of this booklet starting on page 3.

Read "Points to Remember When Representing Yourself in Court" on page 10.

Go to court on your scheduled court date with your original Consent Order.

Find your court room number by checking the Chambers lists which are posted in the court house. You can also check with a clerk. Make sure you have the correct court room number. There may be more than one court room in the building hearing family matters at the same time.

Your application will be assigned a number on the chambers list. This number will be called when it is time for your application to be heard.

Other matters will be scheduled in court at the same time as your own. You can step forward when court begins, and the judge asks for "Any Consent Orders", or you may prefer to wait until you (or your number) are called.

Tell the judge you have a Consent Order, and hand the Consent Order to the clerk in court. The clerk will hand it to the judge.

The judge will review your documents, and may have some questions for you. If the Order is acceptable, the judge will sign it and hand it back to you.

Make 3 copies of the signed Order (total of four with the

original) and file them with the Chambers Clerk. If your Order includes spousal support or deals with arrears of child or spousal support, you will need to make 4 copies of the signed Order (total of five with the original) and file them with the Chambers Clerk. You will receive one certified, and two filed copies of the Order from the Clerk.

Serve the filed Order on the respondent. Follow steps 3 and 4 of this booklet.

B. If you choose to cancel your court date and submit the Order as a "desk" application

If you have reached an agreement with the respondent, you do not have to wait for your court date. You may instead follow steps 1 through 4 of this booklet.

If you proceed by this method, once the Consent Order is signed by the respondent (you have completed step 1) you must cancel your court date. To do so, speak to the Chambers Clerk when you are filing your order, or phone the Chambers Clerk before the court date. The phone numbers for the Chambers Clerks are on the inside back cover of this booklet. You must tell the respondent that the court date is cancelled. If you do not cancel your court date, or do not tell the respondent that the court date has been cancelled, you may be required to pay court costs.

Note: If the Consent Order has not been typed up or signed by the respondent (you have not completed step 1), you may want to adjourn your court date instead of cancelling it. See the instructions below.

Adjourning a court application

You may not be prepared to proceed with your court application because you are in the process of negotiating the terms of a Consent Order, but have not had the time to have the Consent Order typed up or signed. In that case, you and the respondent may agree that the application should be adjourned or delayed.

To adjourn an application by telephone, call the Chambers Clerk no later than 9:30 on the morning of your court date. Tell the clerk that you and the respondent have agreed to adjourn the application, and the new date that you have agreed to. The Chambers Clerk may ask you for the court action number. You can only adjourn by telephone if both parties agree.

After you have notified the clerk, you must confirm the adjournment in writing. Write a short letter to the clerk providing:

- the full names of both parties,
- the court action number,
- the date your application was to be heard,
- the new court date, and
- the fact that both parties agreed to the adjournment.

Fax or deliver the letter before your original court date. You can ask the clerk for the fax number.

You can also adjourn your application by attending in court on the original court date and asking the judge to adjourn the application. If the respondent agrees, the judge will adjourn the application to the new court date. If the respondent does not agree, the judge will ask you to explain why you want the adjournment. The judge will also ask the respondent why they are against the adjournment. Then the judge will decide whether or not your application will be adjourned.

Points to Remember When Representing Yourself in Court

The court house is a very traditional place. When you are representing yourself it is up to you to persuade the judge that your position is right. For this reason you must act, dress and speak in a way which helps and does not distract from your case. Here are some tips:

- When you come to court, dress in clothes that are clean, neat and in good repair. You should be clean and neatly groomed.
- How you act is as important as how you look. Be respectful to everyone in the court house, which includes the judges, court staff, lawyers, the other party involved in your case and security officers.
- 3. The court has a very busy schedule. Be on time for any application, case management meeting, pre-trial conference, or trial, or there may be consequences. For example, if you are late for an application, your application may be dismissed if you are the applicant or, if you are the respondent, the court may proceed without you.
- 4. The judge will not speak to you about your case except during a scheduled application, case management meeting, pre-trial conference or trial, and when the other party or lawyer is present.
- Wait until you are addressed by the judge before talking, otherwise the judge will not respond.
- Staff in the clerk's office cannot give you legal advice or recommendations on what you should do. Always be polite to court house staff and provide them with any information or materials that are requested.
- 7. When you represent yourself it is very important that you bring all necessary materials to support your application. You may be able to get legal advice from a lawyer ahead of time to make sure you are proceeding correctly and have all the right materials in their required form. Some lawyers will provide assistance with the preparation of these documents.
- 8. When you are attending a chambers application and the case is called, come forward to the counsel table at the front of the court room and tell the judge who you are. Always stand when you are addressing the judge. Refer to male judges as "My Lord" and female judges as "My Lady." Speak slowly in a clear voice with sufficient volume.
- Be respectful to the judge, any counsel and the other party. Do
 not speak out of turn. Outbursts, inappropriate language and
 displays of temper will not be tolerated and could well influence
 the outcome of your application.

Appendix 1: Explanation of Legal Terms

The following terms are used throughout this booklet and during the application process.

Action

A lawsuit or an application made in the courts. For example, when you apply to the court for a change in child support or to gain custody of a child, you are taking a legal action. You may take a legal action to enforce your rights or to correct a wrong done to you by another person. When an action is started, the court assigns it an action number. This number is then used in all of the documents related to the action filed with the court. See *Rules of Court: Rules 6-12* and *Rule 563*.

Affidavit

A written statement of facts that a person swears or affirms are true before a commissioner for oaths. The facts in the statement will be used as evidence in court. See definitions for evidence and fact. Affidavits may also be used to prove the identity of the person signing a document and to prove that you have delivered documents to another person. These types of Affidavits are called an Affidavit of Execution and an Affidavit of Service and are explained below. See Rules of Court: Rules 298-314 and Family Law Practice Note 3.

Affidavit of Execution

This is a written statement in which a person swears or affirms that they witnessed another person signing a document and verifies the identity of the person signing.

Affidavit of Service

This is a written statement telling when, where and how documents have been served on another person, and how that person was found and identified. It is sworn or affirmed to and signed by the person who served the documents. See the definition for service.

Applicant

The person who is making an application to the court. See the definitions for respondent and application.

Application

Asking the court to make an Order. You can make several applications in the course of a court action. See the definitions for action, Notice of Motion and Order. See Rules of Court: Rule 384-387 and 573-574 and Family Law Practice Note 3.

Approval as to Form and Content

Signing an Order that was not signed by the judge when the application was made. If an Order is not signed by the judge when the application is made, the respondent must sign the Order to show that they agree that the Order they receive is the same as the Order given by the judge in court. This does not mean that the person agrees with the Order. See the definition for consent. See Rules of Court: Rule 323.1.

Arrears

Any amount that has not been paid on a Support Order. If the monthly amounts ordered to be paid are not paid, they become arrears. Arrears can only be reduced by payment or by Order of the court.

Backer

The last page of a court document. It lists the action number, style of cause and your address on the right-hand side of the page. See definitions for action and style of cause.

Chambers (court)

A type of court where the judge makes a decision based upon affidavit evidence alone rather than oral testimony. Chambers applications usually take 10 to 20 minutes in total. If they are more complicated, they should be scheduled for a special chambers date. At some court houses, there is a separate chambers for family matters.

Chambers Clerk / Clerk's Office

Person in charge of reviewing and filing of court documents (Notices of Motion, Affidavits, all related court orders, etc.), commissioning of Affidavits for court matters, and processing documentation for scheduling of court lists. The clerk can provide information on available court dates, and filing deadlines.

Chambers Office / Clerk's Office

A department of the Court of Queens Bench Clerks Office. In smaller centres, the Chambers section may not be a separate section, but would be part of the Queens Bench Clerk's Office. The chambers office deals with chambers matters only. See definition for Clerk in Chambers for functions of the chambers office.

Clerk in Court

Person who organizes the court files and records the outcome of the court application for the judge. The clerk sits at the front of the court below the judge.

Commissioner for Oaths

Someone authorized by the province to swear or "commission" affidavits. Lawyers and court clerks are commissioners for oaths. Often banks and real estate offices have commissioners.

Consent

When a person voluntarily agrees to something proposed by another. If you sign an Order saying you are consenting to the Order, you are saying that you agree with everything that has been stated in the Order.

Consent Order

A Court Order signed by both parties showing they agree with everything that is in the Order.

Corollary Relief

Orders that may be granted at the time of divorce. Some examples of this are Orders related to custody, access and child support.

Costs

This is money that must be paid to another party or to the court. You may be ordered to pay costs if you are unsuccessful with your application or if you fail to attend a scheduled court date. See *Rules of Court: Schedule C*.

Court

In this booklet, court refers to the Alberta Court of Oueen's Bench.

Defendant

The person responding to a court action. If you start a divorce action, you are the plaintiff and your spouse is the defendant.

Evidence

In court, the statements that are given under oath or the documents or other items that are shown to prove your case or disprove another person's case.

Ex Parte

(Pronounced "x party") An application made in the court without notice to the Respondent. This type of application is made only in extraordinary circumstances, when some harm may result to the Applicant or certain property if the Respondent is notified of the application before it is heard.

Exhibit

Any paper or document that is referred to, or mentioned, in an Affidavit. It should then be marked as an "Exhibit" and attached as a part of the Affidavit. See *Rules of Court: Rules 311-312*.

Fact

A thing that is known to have occurred, to exist, or to be true. It is a piece of factual evidence. See *Rules of Court: Rules* 305(1).

File / Filing

Giving documents to the court clerk to place on the court file. Any documents to be filed must have a backer, with the action number written on it, so that the clerk can find the file. See *Rules of Court: Rules 8-9*.

Gross

The total amount before any deductions. For example, gross income would be the total dollars that a person receives before any income taxes are deducted. The gross cost of daycare is the cost of daycare before any subsidies or income tax deductions are taken into account. See definition of net.

In Loco Parentis

A legal term for someone who is not a biological parent of a child but who acts like a parent to the child. The court may treat that person the same as a biological parent for custody and access rights. The court may also decide that the person has a financial responsibility to support the child.

Judge

In this booklet, judge means a Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench.

Judicial Districts

Locations of Courts of Queen's Bench. These include Grande Prairie, Peace River, Fort McMurray, St. Paul, Edmonton, Wetaskiwin, Red Deer, Calgary, Drumheller, Lethbridge and Medicine Hat. See the inside back cover of this booklet for addresses and phone numbers.

Maintenance Enforcement Program (MEP)

A provincial government department that is authorized to collect child and spousal support on behalf of the person entitled to receive the support. MEP may take steps such as garnishee (seizure) of bank accounts and pay cheques, seizure of assets, and suspension of driver's licences if support payments are not made voluntarily. MEP cannot reduce the amount of support payable, and MEP will not stop enforcing the Order unless instructed to do so either by the creditor or by the court. See definition of Stay of Enforcement.

Order

What the judge directed in court. The Order is then written up by the applicant and signed by the judge, or by the clerk of the court on the judge's behalf. See the definition for approval as to form and content. See Rules of Court: Rules 315-330.

Party

Someone who is directly involved in the court action or application. A party is either a plaintiff or defendant, or an applicant or respondent.

Petitioner

The person who starts a court action, for example, a divorce action. Divorces started before 1997 named the parties as petitioner and respondent. After 1997, they were named plaintiff and defendant.

Plaintiff

The person who starts a court action, for example a divorce action. See definition for defendant.

Respondent

A person who is responding to an application to the court. See definition for applicant.

Rules of Court

A book of rules that contains the basic procedures that must be followed for beginning and carrying out a court action.

Service

Delivering a document to the other party in an action or application. The documents must be served in a way that is described in the *Rules of Court* or allowed by the court in an Order for Substitutional Service. See *Rules of Court: Rules 13-26 and 564*.

Statement of Claim

A document that starts a court action unless stated otherwise in the *Rules of Court* or legislation. See *Rules of Court: Rule 6(1)*.

Statute

A law passed by the government. For example, the *Divorce* Act is a law passed by the federal government and the *Parentage and Maintenance Act* is a law passed by the provincial government.

Stay of Enforcement

An Order of the Court of Queen's Bench telling the Maintenance Enforcement Program to stop taking steps to collect any support that is still owed by a person. A Stay of Enforcement is often ordered for a limited time period, and is usually ordered with conditions imposed upon the person who is required to pay the support. For example, one condition may be that minimum monthly payments must be made or the Stay of Enforcement will end.

Style of Cause

The part of any court document that identifies the type of court, and the place where the action will be heard (judicial district), the full names of the parties, and the name of the document. The Style of Cause is found at the top of the first page and on the backer of every court document filed. It must be exactly the same in all documents.

Substitutional Service Order

If it is impossible or impractical to serve the respondent personally with court documents, you may ask the court for an Order that will allow you to serve the respondent in a different way. The court may then grant a Substitutional Service Order. This defines how you can serve the respondent with the court documents. Examples of substitutional service are posting the document on the person's door, delivery by regular mail or courier, delivery to someone else who knows or lives with the person, or advertising in a newspaper. See *Rules of Court: Rule 23*.

Support Order

An Order made by a court directing that money be paid, usually on a monthly basis, for either spousal support or child support. The word "maintenance" can be used instead of "support." In the past, the term "alimony" was used to refer to spousal support.

Variation Order

A Court Order that changes the terms of an existing Court Order. See Rules of Court: Schedule B, Form 19.

Appendix 2: Sample Court Documents

What forms are included

The following forms are contained in this booklet:

- Consent Variation Order (pages 21 33)
- Ex Parte / Consent Form (pages 35 37)
- Affidavit of Service (Service of the Order) (pages 39 - 47)

General Instructions for Completing Court Documents

- These forms have been developed for typical users. If your document is more complicated or requires more space for writing, then you will have to re-type the form.
- All documents must be readable.
- Photocopy the forms you need from the booklet and work on the photocopies as your "rough copy." Keep the originals to prepare your final copy. You should read the form carefully before beginning to fill it out.
- Fill in all the blank lines with requested information, by either hand printing or typing, (except where signatures are required).
- Note that there is a style of cause (see Explanation of Legal Terms) at the top of the first page and on the backer of each form. Make sure that the style of cause on the first page is filled out in the same way as the one on the backer.
- The backer is the last sheet of the form. Fill in the backer with the requested information, making sure to include your court action number. The backer should be reversed so that the type faces out and is visible once the whole document is stapled together.

How to delete information from a document

- If there are paragraphs that do not apply to you, you should cross them off.
- To cross off paragraphs, draw a straight horizontal line, in ink, through both the first and last lines of the paragraph, then draw a straight diagonal line joining these lines and forming a letter "Z."
- To cross off a single sentence, draw a horizontal line, in ink, through the middle of the sentence.
- If portions of an order are crossed off, both you and the respondent must initial the changes, at the beginning and end of every strikeout that you make.
- You cannot use "white out" on any court documents.

 Any corrections or deletions must be neat and readable.

Consent Variation Order

Use this Order when there has been an order filed in the Court of Queen's Bench in a divorce action and you want to change that Order.

Ma	ake sure that:
	your full name and the respondent's full name are included in
	the form and on the backer
u	you fill in paragraph 1 with information about the Judgment or Order that this Order changes
	you include all of the terms of the Order
	you add or cross off paragraphs, or change the wording of
_	the sample Order as necessary to reflect the Order given by
	the judge in court. Sample terms are on pages 31 and 33.
	These terms are just samples. If you need to add paragraphs
	or other terms you may need to re-type the sample Order
	you add the Maintenance Enforcement clause found on page 33,
	if your order includes spousal support, or deals with arrears of
	child or spousal support
Ч	the respondent has signed his/her signature on the Order below
	the line "Consented to". The name of the respondent is printed
	underneath their signature. The respondent's signature must be
	witnessed by someone other than the applicant. The witness
	to the respondent's signature will need to complete the
	attached Affidavit of Execution and swear or affirm it before a
	commissioner for oaths.
	you number all of your paragraphs consecutively (1, 2, 3, 4)
	you make three copies of your Order (total of four with the
	original) and take them to the Chambers Office. If your order
	includes spousal support, or deals with arrears of child or
	spousal support, you make four copies of your Order (total of
	five with the original) and take them to the Chambers Office.

Use a ruler when crossing off the paragraphs that don't apply to you. Cross them out by drawing a straight line through the first and last lines and a diagonal line joining them to form a "Z." Make sure that you and the respondent each put your initials at the beginning and at the end of every strikeout that you make. You cannot use "white out".

The judge may not be prepared to sign an Order with crossed off sections or handwritten paragraphs. In this case, you will have to re-type the Order. Also, a judge's signature cannot appear on a page by itself.



			Action No:	YOUR COURT ACTION NUMBER
			N'S BENCH OF ALBERTA	
	IN THE JUDICIAL DISTRI	ICT OF		
BETWEEN:				
	YOUR NAME			- Applicant
		- an	d -	7.7.
	OTHER PARTY'S NAME			- Respondent
BEFORE T	THE HONOURABLE)	ON	, THE
MADAM/I	MR. JUSTICE)	DAY OF MONTH	
	HOUSE,,		2.01111	TENY
IT IS HEF	I at the end of this Order; REBY ORDERED THAT:			by the Heneumahle
ı. IIIe s	udgment/order granted DATE (MONTH AND DAY)		, YEAR by the Honourable
	am/Mr. Justice		is hereby varied	d to delete paragraph
or the	e said Judgment/order.			
SET OU	JT ALL OTHER TERMS OF THE ORDER GRAN	TED BY THE COURT	IN SEPARATE NUMBERED PARA	GRAPHS (2,3,4)
	,			
_·				



TERMS OF THE ORDER MUST CONTINUE ONTO THE PAGE	WITH THE JUDGE 3 SIGNATURE
	JUSTICE OF THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH OF ALBERTA
CONSENTED TO:	
CONSERVED 10.	
SIGNATURE OF RESPONDENT	SIGNATURE OF WITNESS TO RESPONDENT
PRINT NAME OF RESPONDENT	
ENTERED THIS DAY OF,	
CLERK OF THE COURT	



IN THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH OF ALBERTA IN THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF _____ BETWEEN: YOUR NAME Applicant - and -OTHER PARTY'S NAME Respondent AFFIDAVIT OF EXECUTION in the Province of Alberta, MAKE OATH AND SAY THAT: 1. I was personally present and did see OTHER PARTY'S NAME named in the within Order, who is personally known to me to be the person named therein, duly sign and execute the same for the purpose named therein. 2. The same was executed at the ______, in the _____, in the Province of Alberta and that I am the subscribing witness thereto. 3. I know the said $\frac{}{\text{OTHER PARTY'S NAME}}$ _____ and he/she is in my belief of the full age of eighteen (18) years. SWORN BEFORE ME at the of _____, in the Province of Alberta, this _____ day of _____ SIGNATURE OF THE PERSON MAKING AFFIDAVIT A COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS IN AND FOR THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA



Action No:	YOUR COURT ACTION NU	JMBER
IN THE CO	URT OF QUEEN'S BENC THE JUDICIAL DISTRI	
BETWEEN:		
YOUR NAME		Applicant
	- and -	
OTHER PARTY	'S NAME	Respondent
Consei	NT VARIATIO	N ORDER
		YOUR NAM
		YOUR ADDRESS
		YOUR PHONE NUMBE



SAMPLE TERMS TO INCLUDE IN YOUR ORDER

The following paragraphs are some example terms that may fit your case. Change or adapt these examples to suit your own situation. You will have to write your own terms that reflect the Order given by the judge in court.

Note: These terms are not actual legal advice. They simply show you how to present information that may be needed in special circumstances. These samples do not replace your need to get legal advice.

Custody and Access:

[Sole custody, reasonable access to the other party]

<u> </u>	FULL NAME	shall have sole	custody
	of the children,	NAMES OF CHILDREN	_, and
	FULL NAME	shall have	
	reasonable and	generous acces	s.

[Joint custody, children live with one party, reasonable access to the other party, with minimum specified access]

·	FULL NAME	and FULL NAMI	=
	shall have joint o	ustody of th with the chi	
	primary residenc	e to be with	FULL NAME
	AND		
<u></u> ·	FULL NAME	shall have	е
	reasonable access access to include the following spe	but not be	limited to

[Sole custody to one party, detailed access to the other party]

(Give details)

<u>—</u> ·	FULL NAME	shall have sole custody
	of the children,	NAMES OF CHILDREN , and
	FULL NAME	shall have the following

specified access: (Give details)

[Shared Custody - Section 9 of Federal Child Support Guidelines]

 FULL NAME	FULL NAME
shall have share	d custody of the
children,	CHILDREN, as follows:
MAINES OF	CHILDREN
(Give details of	the time each party

(Give details of the time each party has access to or physical custody of children over the course of the year)

[Clauses imposing restrictions on access]

<u> </u>	FULL NAME shall not be entitled
	to overnight access.
	FULL NAME shall notify FULL NAME
	at least 24 hours in advance if he/she intends to exercise access [orif he/she is not able to exercise access as scheduled].
	All access visits shall be supervised by or any adult person
	chosen by mutual agreement between the parties.
•	shall not be under
	the influence of, or consume alcohol or illicit drugs during any access visit.
<u></u> .	Neither nor
	shall remove the children from the

shall remove the children from the Province of Alberta [except for holidays] without the written consent of the other party or an order of this court.

. It is ordered that all peace officers in the Province of Alberta shall give whatever assistance is required to ensure compliance with this order.

[Note: this clause is to be used only if the Applicant or Respondent has shown a tendency to refuse to follow court orders in the past.]



Spousal Support:

·	shall pay to	FULL NAME
	the sum of \$spousal support, payable of each and every month1,	per month for on the 1st day , commencing
	Spousal support shall term DATE day of MONTH unless otherwise ordered	YEAR
<u> </u>	Spousal support shall term the happening of any of the events: (set out the events)	he following
<u>_</u> .	FULL NAME	
	FULL NAME	pousai
	support in the lump sum	
	payable on or before the	DATE day
	of,,	

[Maintenance Enforcement Clause]

Note: must be in an Order if Order includes child or spousal support or deals with arrears of child or spousal support.

____. The amounts owing under this Order be paid to the Director of Maintenance Enforcement, at 10365 - 97 Street, 7th floor, Edmonton, Alberta, and shall be enforced by the Director unless the creditor files with the Court and the Director a Notice, in writing, that he/she does not wish the Order to be enforced by the Director pursuant to Section 7 of the Maintenance Enforcement Act.

Arrears:

[Arrears - Reduction/Cancellation]

- __. It is hereby ordered that there is no reduction in the arrears of support.
- ___.It is hereby ordered that arrears of support are reduced to \$____.
- ___.It is hereby ordered that arrears of support are cancelled.

[Arrears - Repayment]



Ex Parte / Consent Form

Use this form to prepare the Ex Parte / Consent form to be handed in with your Order.

Ma	ike sure that you:
	Complete line 1 with your Court File Number, and the Date.
	Complete line 2 with the names of the parties, as they appear
	on the court documents.
	Complete line 3 by stating what type of order you are
	requesting, for example <i>Custody</i> . Lines 4 and 5 have been
	completed for you.
	On the back of the form, briefly summarize your reasons for
	wanting the Order.
	Do not complete the bottom of the page ("For Clerk's Use").



EX PARTE APPLICATION

1.	Q.B. No	Date:			
2.	Style of Cause	V.			
3.	Applying for:	OR Order for: Fiat for:			
4 . 5.	Name of Solicitor:	None - self represented Not applicable			
6.	6. Applicant's submissions shall be made on reverse.				
		FOR CLERK'S USE			
Signe	d:				
Grante	ed:	Comments:			
Not G	Not Granted				
Judge	udge				



Affidavit of Service (Service of the Order)

Use this form to explain when and where the respondent received a copy of the Order made by the judge. It is the person who served the respondent who must provide the information about service and sign the Affidavit of Service in front of a commissioner for oaths.

Before filing the Affidavit of Service, make sure that:

Ш	you include your full name and the respondent's full name in
	the form and on the backer
	the paragraphs that apply to you are filled in and the
	paragraphs that do not apply to you are crossed off
	one filed copy of the Order is attached, as well as the
	Delivery Confirmation Record and Acknowledgement of
	Receipt if you served by registered mail, as exhibits
	each one of the exhibits is lettered consecutively (Exhibit A,
	Exhibit B)
	the person who served the documents signs the Affidavit of
	Service in front of a commissioner for oaths
	you make one copy of the original Affidavit of Service,
	including all exhibits

Use a ruler when crossing off the paragraphs that don't apply to you. Cross them out by drawing a straight line through the first and last lines and a diagonal line joining them to form a "Z." The person signing the Affidavit of Service must put his/her initials at the beginning and at the end of every strikeout.

Attach all exhibits at the end of the Affidavit just before the backer.



	Action No	:
		YOUR COURT ACTION NUMBE
	In the Court of Queen's Bench of Albert	A
	IN THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF	
BETWEEN	:	
		_
	YOUR NAME	Applicant
	- and -	
	OTHER PARTY'S NAME	
	OTHER PART S MAPLE	Respondent
	Affidavit of Service	
	AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE	
I.	, of the, of the	of ,
NA NA	AME OF DOCUMENT SERVER 'CITY' OR 'TOWN' OR OT	HER NAME OF CITY OR TOWN ETC.
whic	r PARTY'S NAME ch is annexed and marked as Exhibit 'A' to this my Affidavit, b	
and	leaving the same with	
OTHER	R PARTY'S NAME , the Respondent	, at:
FULL /	ADDRESS WHERE OTHER PARTY WAS SERVED	·
OR		
1. That	t I did on the day of, YEAR	, personally serve
OTHER	R PARTY'S NAME,, the Respondent	, with a true copy of the Order,
	ch is annexed and marked as Exhibit 'A' to this my Affidavit, b	
enve	elope addressed to OTHER PARTY'S NAME	, the Respondent, at:
FULL /	ADDRESS OF OTHER PARTY	
and	posting the same by registered mail at:	
	LESS OF POST OFFICE WHERE YOU MAILED THE MATERIAL	



and annexed and marked as Exhibits `B' and `C' to this my Affidavit are the Delivery Confirmation Record and the Acknowledgement of Receipt for such registered mail.

SWORN BEFORE ME at the		
of	, in the Province	
of Alberta, this day of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SIGNATURE OF DOCUMENT SERVER
A COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS IN		



Insert your Exhibits here

These include:

Exhibit 'A' Order

For service by registered mail:

Exhibit 'B' Delivery Confirmation Record

Exhibit 'C' Acknowledgement of Receipt

Make sure the exhibits are labelled alphabetically in the order in which they appear in the Affidavit.

Put them in the same order when inserting them here.



		ACLIOII NO.	R COURT ACTION I	NUMBER
		640 Phys Super	185	
		In the Court o	F QUEEN'S BEI	NCH OF ALBERTA IN
		THE	JUDICIAL DISTR	RICT OF
		BETWEEN:		
		DETWEEN.		
		WOULD HAME		
		YOUR NAME		Applicant
			and	
		OTHER PARTY'S NAM	=	
		OTHER PARTY S NAM		Respondent
		Affid	AVIT OF	SERVICE
Alberta Government		Val zas		
				YOUR NAM
				YOUR ADDRESS
				TOOK ADDALO
				YOUR PHONE NUMBER

Queen's Bench Chambers Offices

Calgary

611 - 4th Street SW Tel: 403-297-7405

Drumheller

511- 3rd Ave. West Tel: 403-823-1700

Edmonton

 $1A \,\, Sir \,\, Winston \,\, Churchill \,\, Sq.$

Tel: 780-422-2418

Fort McMurray

9700 Franklin Avenue Tel: 780-743-7136

Grande Prairie

10260 - 99 Street Tel: 780-538-5340

Lethbridge

320 - 4th Street South Tel: 403-381-5196 Medicine Hat

460 First Street SE Tel: 403-529-8710

Peace River

9905 - 97 Avenue Tel: 780-624-6256

Red Deer

4909 - 48 Avenue Tel: 403-340-5220

St. Paul

4704 - 50 Street Tel: 780-645-6324

Wetaskiwin

4605 - 51 Street Tel: 780-361-1258

Assistance in Obtaining Legal Advice

Dial a Law - Lawyer Referral

Phone:

1-800-661-1095

Legal Aid

Edmonton:

780 - 427 - 7575

Calgary:

403 - 297 - 2260

Other areas call

310-0000

Internet Sources of Information

Federal Justice Website:

www.canada.justice.gc.ca

Alberta Government Website:

www.gov.ab.ca

Alberta Justice Website:

www.gov.ab.ca/just

Alberta Courts Website:

www.albertacourts.ab.ca

